Village of Kirkland

Kirkland, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

Prepared By

William J. Newkirk, Treasurer Village of Kirkland, Illinois

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2019

VILLAGE BOARD

Ryan Block, Village President

TRUSTEES

Coleen Ford Brandon Wiegartz

Dan Chambers Steve Devlieger

Jessica Fruit Sarah Ziegler

Carol Steigman, Village Clerk

VILLAGE ADMINISTRATION

Ryan Block, Chief Executive Officer

Adam Davenport, Police Chief

Dale Miller, Public Works Director

Carol Steigman, Office Manager

William Newkirk, Treasurer

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Village of Kirkland, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Kirkland, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Kirkland, Illinois as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 and the budgetary comparison information and the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability and employer contributions – IMRF on pages 47 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Village of Kirkland, Illinois' basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules shown as supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information on pages 72 through 76 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Village's 2018 financial statements, and our opinion stated that the supplementary information was fairly stated in relation to the basic financial statements in our report dated December 17, 2018. In our opinion, the summarized comparative required supplementary information and supplementary information presented herein as of and for the year ended April 30, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Rockford, Illinois November 1, 2019

Wippei LLP



VILLAGE OF KIRKLAND, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS April 30, 2019

The management of the Village of Kirkland, Illinois (the "Village") offers readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. This discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved appropriation), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL REPORT

Historically, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized fund type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. As a result, the Village's financial statements now present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Village's finances. The focus of the new financial statements is on both the Village as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the Village's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The focus of the Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources management focus. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future.

Both of the government-wide financial statements (see pages 15 - 17) distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village reflect the Village's basic services, including administration, public safety, highways and streets, and sanitation. The business-type activities include the operations of the water and sewer system.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements to be more familiar. The focus of presentation is on major funds rather than fund types. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary fund.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Tax Incremental Financing Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund (had no activity in this fiscal year), each of which is considered to be a "major" fund.

The Village adopts an annual appropriation/budget for each of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided elsewhere in the report to demonstrate compliance with the appropriation/budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Village maintains one proprietary fund. The Water and Sewer Fund, an enterprise fund, is used to report the same type of information as presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the Village's water and sewer system. The Water and Sewer Fund is considered to be a major fund of the Village.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 24 of this report. Budgetary information for the Water and Sewer Fund, including sub-accounts for operations, water system improvements, and sewer system improvements are included elsewhere in this report.

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure assets – roads, bridges, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental Activities column of the government-wide statements. Additionally, the government must elect to: (1) depreciate the assets over their useful life; or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity (modified approach). The Village has chosen to depreciate assets over the useful life. If a road project is considered maintenance - a recurring cost that does not extend the original useful life or expand its capacity - the cost of the project will be expensed. An "overlay" of a road will be considered maintenance whereas a "rebuild" of a road will be capitalized.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 46 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI includes schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Tax Incremental Financing Fund, and Revolving Loan Fund along with information concerning the Village's progress in funding its pension benefit obligations through the Illinois Municipal Retirement Pension Fund. Please see pages 47 - 53 of this report.

Additionally, certain supplemental schedules containing more detailed information on fund revenues and expenditures, capital assets, assessed valuations, and property tax rates and tax levies can be found on pages 54-76.

Financial Analysis of the Village as a Whole

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, a comparative analysis of government-wide information is presented in the government-wide financial statements on pages 15-17 and summarized on the next two pages:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table shows the net position of the Village of Kirkland as of April 30, 2019.

A significant portion of the Village's net position (74%) reflects its net investment in capital assets less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Approximately 10% of net position represents resources subject to restrictions on how they may be used, and about 16%, or \$767,031, represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, net position of governmental activities increased \$207,965 and business-type net position decreased \$65,335 for an overall increase of \$142,630.

Table 1 **Statement of Net Position**As of April 30, 2018 and 2019

	Government	al A otivities	Business-Tv	pe Activities		otal Jovernment
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
Assets						
Current Assets	\$ 1,579,556	\$ 1,441,415	\$ 533,743	\$ 477,218	\$ 2,113,299	\$ 1,918,633
Noncurrent Assets	2,025,590	2,220,712	1,471,839	1,426,652_	3,497,429	3,647,364
Total Assets	3,605,146	3,662,127	2,005,582	1,903,870	5,610,728	5,565,997
Deferred Outflows	35,530	109,145	9,774	69,918	45,304	179,063
Current Liabilities	141,672	100,718	15,817	7,471	157,489	108,189
Non-Current Liabilities	75,949	130,167		20,655	75,949	150,822_
Total Liabilities	217,621	230,885	15,817	28,126	233,438	259,011
Deferred Inflows Of Resources	717,593	626,960	59,809	71,267	777,402	698,227
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	935,214	857,845	75,626	99,393	1,010,840	957,238
Net Position						
Net Investment In						
Capital Assets	1,824,815	2,130,671	1,446,638	1,426,652	3,271,453	3,557,323
Restricted	429,054	463,468	-	-	429,054	463,468
Unrestricted	451,593	319,288	493,092	447,743	944,685	767,031
Total Net Position	\$ 2,705,462	\$ 2,913,427	\$ 1,939,730	\$ 1,874,395	\$ 4,645,192	\$ 4,787,822

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position (page 15)

Statement of Activities

The table below summarizes the revenue and expenses of the Village's activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019.

Table 2
Changes In Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018 and 2019

			ъ.	Т.		41-141		To Primary G	otal	mont
	Government		į.	ness-Ty	-			2018	OVEIL	2019
	2018	2019	201	18		2019		2016		2017
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Charges For Services	\$ 188,693	\$ 204,932	\$ 32	6,259	\$	372,647	\$	514,952	\$	577,579
Operating Grants	44,530	55,571		-		-		44,530		55,571
Capital Grant	-	-		-		-		-		-
General Revenues										
Property Tax	490,719	500,345		-		-		490,719		500,345
Sales Tax	142,340	192,900		-		-		142,340		192,900
State Income Tax	158,149	169,323		-		-		158,149		169,323
Utility Tax	102,737	100,242		-		-		102,737		100,242
Other Taxes	53,789	68,098		[53,789		68,098
Investment Income	6,890	16,650		172		193		7,062		16,843
Gain on Sale of Assets	-	5,073		-		-		-		5,073
Miscellaneous	11,783	9,928					-	11,783		9,928
Total Revenues	1,199,630	1,323,062	32	6,431		372,840		1,526,061	_	1,695,902
Expenses										
General Government	333,709	373,903		-		-		333,709		373,903
Public Safety	284,498	239,552		-		-		284,498		239,552
Highways and Streets	281,979	318,393		-		-		281,979		318,393
Sanitation	155,735	180,929		-		-		155,735		180,929
Interest	3,284	2,320		-		-		3,284		2,320
Water and Sewer	-		35	2,416		438,175		352,416	_	438,175
Total Expenses	1,059,205	1,115,097	35	2,416		438,175	_	1,411,621	_	1,553,272
Contributions							_		P	<u> </u>
Change In Net Position	140,425	207,965	(2	5,985)		(65,335)	_	114,440		142,630
Net Position, May 1	2,565,037	2,705,462	1,96	5,715	1	,939,730		4,530,752		4,645,192
Net Position, April 30	\$ 2,705,462	\$ 2,913,427	\$ 1,93	9,730	\$ 1	,874,395	\$	4,645,192	\$	4,787,822

CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL IMPACTS

Governmental Activities

Revenues

Total revenues for the Village's governmental activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 were \$1,323,062. This total includes \$55,571 in "operating grants" that represent state shared motor fuel taxes and a grant received for economic development. In comparison to the prior year, total revenues increased \$123,432 primarily because of increases to sales tax, income tax, and property tax.

The revenue mix, received in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, represents a relatively diverse revenue base. About 20% of revenues were provided by service charges and operating grants, 38% from property taxes, 18% from state shared revenues, 15% from sales taxes, 8% from utility taxes, and 1% from other sources.

State-shared revenues including state income tax, use tax, video gaming tax, and personal property replacement tax totaled \$237,421 in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, an increase of \$25,483 from the previous year. Additionally, sales tax revenues of \$192,900 increased \$50,560, or about 36% from the previous fiscal year.

Expenses

Total expenses for the Village's governmental activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 were \$1,115,097. As required by GASB Statement No. 34, total expenses include depreciation but it excludes expenditures for capital assets. The largest functional expense was general government at \$373,903. This amount was followed by \$318,393 for highways and streets, \$239,552 for public safety, \$180,929 for sanitation (refuse disposal) and \$2,320 for interest expense. Overall, total revenues in governmental activities exceeded total expenses by \$207,965.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues

Total revenues for the Village's business-type activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 were \$372,840. This amount included \$372,647 for water and sewer charges and \$193 for interest income. Charges for water and sewer service provided about 85% of total related business-type expenses including depreciation.

Expenses

Total expenses, including depreciation of \$85,766, for the Village's business-type activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 were \$438,175. During the year, the net position of business-type activities decreased \$65,335.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village of Kirkland uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As of April 30, 2019, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 20) had combined fund balances of \$877,623. This represents an overall decrease of \$93,306 from prior year fund balances. The General Fund decreased \$127,720 The Motor Fuel Tax Fund increased \$34,309, along with an increase in the Tax Increment Financing Fund of \$105.

The total net position of the Water and Sewer Fund decreased from \$1,939,730 at April 30, 2018 to \$1,874,395 at April 30, 2019, a decrease of \$65,355. However, of greater significance is the unrestricted portion of net position of the Water and Sewer Fund which decreased \$45,349. The total amount of unrestricted net position, which represents net working capital, as of April 30, 2019 was \$447,743 compared to \$493,092 as of April 30, 2018.

The revenues of the Village have been impacted by the stagnation in the general economy and especially by the slowdown in the residential housing market. The slowdown in the residential housing market has resulted in a reduction in permit fees, water and sewer tap on fees, and expected increases in water and sewer operating revenues. A bright spot in the Village's revenue picture is the increase in sales tax, which jumped about 85% during the 2014/2015 fiscal year and has continued to increase with a 16% increase in the 2016/2017 fiscal year, an additional 12% in the 2017/2018 fiscal year, and an additional 36% in the 2018/2019 fiscal year. Property taxes have slowly increased as the real estate market continues to improve.

The available balances of each of the Village funds appear to be adequate as of April 30, 2019 for working cash and contingencies.

The table on the following page shows the appropriation amounts and the actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund:

Table 3
General Fund Appropriation Highlights
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019
(With Comparative Actual for 2018)

				2019				
		Original		Final		Actual		2018 Actual
	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Actual
REVENUES	Ф	455.015	ф	455 015	ø	504 102	\$	463,669
Taxes	\$	455,915 14,050	\$	455,915 14,050	\$	504,103 18,687	Ф	10,141
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue		198,750		198,750		237,421		215,293
Service Charges		159,300		159,300		164,487		153,501
Fines and Forfeits		35,000		35,000		21,758		25,051
Investment Income		5,000		5,000		12,531		4,829
Miscellaneous		19,850		19,850		21,228		11,783
Total Revenues		887,865		887,865		980,215		884,267
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		168,680		168,680		159,741		172,006
Public Safety		282,310		282,310		271,541		319,727
Highways and Streets		340,970		340,970		371,651		197,024
Sanitation		159,270		159,270		180,929		155,735
Capital Outlay		-		-		151,176		-
Debt Service		4,000		4,000		39,393		35,535
Total Expenditures		955,230		955,230	1	,174,431		880,027
LEVORGE OFFICIENCYA OF DEVENTIES								
1EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(67,365)		(67,365)		(194,216)		4,240
(OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Interfund Transfers In (Out)		_		_		(17,045)		_
Sale of capital assets		(13,500)		(13,500)		5,073		_
Loan Proceeds		(15,000)		(15,000)		78,468		15,431
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(28,500)		(28,500)		66,496		15,431
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	_\$_	(95,865)	\$	(95,865)		(127,720)		19,671
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						541,875		522,204
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$_	414,155	\$	541,875

The General Fund total expenditures exceeded total revenue by \$194,216, a transfer out to the MFT Fund of \$17,045 also decreases fund balance, loan proceeds from the loan for new trucks of \$78,468 and proceeds from sales of capital assets of \$5,073 increase fund balance. The fund balance decreased from \$541,875 to \$414,155.

The fund balance of the General Fund of \$414,155 compared to total expenditures of \$1,174,431 represents a fund balance to expenditures ratio of 46.1%. A fund balance to expenditures ratio in excess of 50% in a municipality the size of Kirkland indicates a relatively good financial position. Expenditures in fiscal year 2018/2019 were unusually high due to the purchase of new equipment.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule reflects the Village's capital asset balances as of April 30, 2019.

Table 4
Capital Assets
As of April 30, 2019
(With Comparative Actual for 2018)

		2019		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	2018 Totals
Building and Improvements Equipment and Vehicles Pioneer Park Improvement Infrastructure Water and Sewer System Sewer Treatment Plant	\$ 739,234 495,447 42,853 1,948,456	\$ - 571,421 - 1,702,928 1,038,181	\$ 739,234 1,066,868 42,853 1,948,456 1,702,928 1,038,181	\$ 739,234 876,944 42,853 1,692,071 1,702,928 1,038,181
Total Capital Assets Excluding Depreciation	3,225,990	3,312,530	6,538,520	6,092,211
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,005,278	1,885,878	2,891,156	2,711,594
Total Capital Assets	\$2,220,712	\$1,426,652	\$3,647,364	\$3,380,617

At year-end, the Village's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for both its governmental and business-type activities was \$3,647,364 (see note 3 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets). During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, there were several asset additions including road improvements, new public works vehicles, and new equipment. Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found on pages 36 - 37 of the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

During the 2016 fiscal year the Village obtained an installment note for \$165,000 for five years to purchase property that was in a flood plain. As of April 30, 2018 the balance of this note was \$93,733. A total of \$33,215 in principal was paid on the note during the year ended April 30, 2019. During the 2018 fiscal year the Village entered into an agreement with the DeKalb County Sheriff's Department to pay for new communications equipment required because of upgrades throughout the county in the amount of \$15,431. The first payment is not due until December 31, 2019, however the Village made a payment in July 2018 of 3,858. During the 2019 fiscal year the Village obtained an installment note for \$78,468 for the purchase of two public works trucks. The first payment is not due until November 15, 2019. There is no debt outstanding for the Business-Type Activities. The table below compares the Village's outstanding long-term debt as of April 30, 2018 and April 30, 2019.

Table 5
Long-Term Debt
As of April 30, 2019
(With Comparative Actual for 2018)

			2	019				
		ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities			Total	-	2018 Total
Bull Run Property Note Note Payable - Trucks DeKalb County Sheriff Note	\$	60,518 78,468 11,573	\$	- -	\$	60,518 78,468 11,573	\$	93,733 - 15,431
Total Long-Term Debt	\$_	150,559	\$		_\$_	150,559	_\$_	109,164

The Village has used general revenues to pay the annual principal and interest for the general obligation debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Accomplishments

Tax increment financing (TIF) district - TIF funds have allowed the Village to continue to support projects to improve the community. Improvements to the Kirkland Public Library and assistance to the Hiawatha School District with facility renovation costs have been supported by TIF funding. In addition, a bucket truck, a bobcat tractor, a warning siren, water and sewer equipment and facilities, and Village entrance signs have been financed by TIF revenues.

During the recent fiscal years, TIF monies were used to partially fund road improvements, sewer system improvements, water and sewer equipment and an expansion of the sewer treatment plant building. The TIF District was established in 1995 and has a total life of 23 years, meaning this is the final year of the TIF District.

Challenges

Waste Water Treatment Plant – With the possibility of future development to the west of the existing Village limits and future growth limitations caused by the age and capacity of the existing WWTP, the Village Board will continue to explore solutions for this concern.

Police department funding — Police department funding continues to be a concern for Village management and elected officials. Concerns regarding limited space and manpower due to funding limitations are one of the major issues facing the Village Board. The limitation of available funds has been exacerbated by the current slowdown in the economy and will be one of the challenges during the coming year.

Growth plans – The support of local business expansion efforts and attracting new businesses and developers will remain a strong consideration for Village officials. Although residential building is presently at a standstill, the Village is positioning itself to be able to provide necessary Village services to potential developers when the opportunity presents itself.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to: Village Treasurer, Village of Kirkland, 511 W. Main Street, Kirkland, Illinois 60146.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					_	
Cash	\$	839,788	\$	417,306	\$	1,257,094
Receivables						
Property Taxes		515,710		-		515,710
Other Taxes		58,294		-		58,294
Accounts		27,623		59,912		87,535
Net Pension Asset		-		-		-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	-	2,220,712		1,426,652		3,647,364
Total Assets	_	3,662,127		1,903,870		5,565,997
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Pension Related		109,145		69,918		179,063
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		31,504		4,257		35,761
Accrued Payroll		10,585		3,214		13,799
Other Liabilities		1,016		-		1,016
Due to Developers		4,977		-		4,977
Notes Payable - due within one year		52,636		-		52,636
Noncurrent Liabilities		07.022				97,923
Notes Payable		97,923		20.655		52,899
Net Pension Liability	_	32,244		20,655		32,099
Total Liabilities		230,885		28,126		259,011
DERERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Related		111,250		71,267		182,517
Property Taxes	-	515,710				515,710
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources		626,960		71,267		698,227
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows						
of Resources		857,845		99,393		957,238
NET POSITION						
Net Investment In Capital Assets		2,130,671		1,426,652		3,557,323
Restricted For		238,902		_		238,902
Highways and Streets		224,566		_		224,566
Tax Incremental Financing District Unrestricted		319,288		447,743		767,031
			_			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Program Revenues										
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		xpenses	Charges for Services			perating Grants		Capital Grants			
Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Sanitation Interest	\$	373,903 239,552 318,393 180,929 2,320	\$	18,687 21,758 - 164,487	\$	11,300 - 44,271 -	\$				
Total Governmental Activities		1,115,097		204,932		55,571		<u> </u>			
Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer Service		438,175		372,647		-					
Total Business-Type Activities		438,175		372,647							
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 1	1,553,272	\$	577,579	\$	55,571	\$				

	Ne		evenue and Chang rimary Governmen	
			•	16
		vernmental	Business-Type	mm . 1
	F	Activities	Activities	Total
	\$	(343,916)	\$ -	\$ (343,916)
		(217,794)	-	(217,794)
		(274,122)	-	(274,122)
		(16,442)	-	(16,442)
	-	(2,320)	-	(2,320)
		(854,594)	_	(854,594)
			(65,528)	(65,528)
		_	(65,528)	(65,528)
		(854,594)	(65,528)	(920,122)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		500,345	_	500,345
Sales Tax		192,900	-	192,900
Utility Taxes		100,242	-	100,242
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted				
State Income Tax		169,323	-	169,323
Other Taxes		68,098	-	68,098
Investment Income		16,650	193	16,843
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		5,073	-	5,073
Miscellaneous	-	9,928	-	9,928
Total General Revenue		1,062,559	193	1,062,752
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		207,965	(65,335)	142,630
NET POSITION, MAY 1	A:	2,705,462	1,937,712	4,643,174

2,913,427 \$ 1,872,377 \$

NET POSITION, APRIL 30

4,785,804

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2019

				lotor Fuel	Inc	Tax cremental		Capital Projects		
		General		Tax		inancing		Fund		Total
ACCETTO										
ASSETS Cash	\$	359,546	\$	236,076	\$	244,166	\$	_	\$	839,788
Receivables	Ψ	507,0.0	Ψ	250,070	*	,	-			,
Property Taxes		214,547		-		301,163		-		515,710
# Other Taxes		54,434		3,860		-		-		58,294
Accounts	_	27,623		_		_			_	27,623
Total Assets	\$	656,150	\$	239,936	\$	545,329	\$	-	\$	1,441,415
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$	10,870	\$	1,034	\$	19,600	\$	-	\$	31,504
Accrued Payroll		10,585		-		-		-		10,585
Other Payables		1,016		-		-		-		1,016 4,977
Due To Developers		4,977	_	<u> </u>	_		_			4,277
Total Liabilities	_	27,448		1,034		19,600	_			48,082
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		214,547		-		301,163				515,710
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	-	214,547	_			301,163				515,710
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		241,995		1,034		320,763		-		563,792
FUND BALANCES Restricted										
Highways and Streets		_		238,902		_		-		238,902
Tax Incremental Financing District		-		-		224,566		-		224,566
Assigned		10 555								10 555
Capital Equipment		48,555		-		-		-		48,555 365,600
Unassigned	-	365,600	_	<u> </u>	_					303,000
Total Fund Balances		414,155		238,902		224,566		_		877,623
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED										
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	656,150	\$	239,936	\$	545,329	\$		\$	1,441,415

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2019

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 877,623
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Deferred Resources in governmental activities are	
not financial resources and, therefore are not	
reported in the Governmental Funds.	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	109,145
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are	
not financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported in the Governmental Funds	2,220,712
Liabilities applicable to the Village's governmental	
activities that are not due and payable from current	
resources are not reported as governmental fund	
liabilities. Amounts reported in the Statement of Net	
Position that are not reported in the governmental	
fund balance sheet are:	
Notes Payable	(150,559)
Net Pension Asset (Liability)	(32,244)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	(111,250)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,913,427

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

		General	М	otor Fuel	Tax Incremental Financing	Capital Projects Fund	Total
	-	General		Tux	1 manong	1 4174	1000
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	504,103	\$	-	\$ 289,384	\$ -	\$ 793,487
Licenses and Permits		18,687		-	-	-	18,687
Intergovernmental Revenue		237,421		44,271	-	-	281,692
# Service Charges		164,487		-	-	-	164,487
Fines and Forfeits		21,758		-	-	-	21,758
Investment Income		12,531		3,951	168	-	16,650
Miscellaneous	_	21,228			-	-	21,228
Total Revenues		980,215		48,222	289,552		1,317,989
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government		159,741		-	213,394	-	373,135
Public Safety		271,541		-	-	-	271,541
Highways and Streets		371,651		30,958	1,053	-	403,662
Sanitation		180,929		-	-	-	180,929
Capital Outlay		151,176		-	75,000	-	226,176
Debt Service	_	39,393		-	-		39,393
Total Expenditures		1,174,431		30,958	289,447	-	1,494,836
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(194,216)		17,264	105		(176,847)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets		5,073		_	-	-	5,073
Loan Proceeds		78,468		_	-	-	78,468
Interfund Transfers In (Out)	_	(17,045)		17,045			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		66,496		17,045	-	_	83,541
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(127,720)		34,309	105	-	(93,306)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		541,875		204,593	224,461	_	970,929
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	414,155	\$	238,902	\$ 224,566	\$ -	\$ 877,623

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	(93,306)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Statement of Activities are different because.		
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however,		
they are capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Activities		400,529
Debt Proceeds are reported in Governmental Funds as other		
financing sources. However, the amount is recorded as a liability		
in the Statement of Net Position. The amount of debt proceeds		(=0.460)
in this period.		(78,468)
Governmental Funds report principal payments of long-term debt		
as expenditures; however, they are reported as a reduction of		
long-term debt in the Statement of Activities		37,073
Some revenues (expenses) in the Statement of Activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are		
not reported as revenues (expenditures) in Governmental Funds:		
Depreciation		(113,796)
Pension Expense	-	55,933
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		207,965

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities	
	Water and Sewer System	
ASSETS		
Current Assets Cash	\$ 417,306	
Receivables	,	
Accounts - Billed and Unbilled	59,912	
Due From Other Funds	<u>-</u>	
Total Current Assets	477,218	
Non-Current Assets		
Net Pension Asset	-	
Capital Assets	1.406.650	
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,426,652	
Total Non-Current Assets	1,426,652	
Total Assets	1,903,870	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Pension Related	69,918	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	4.257	
Accounts Payable	4,257 3,214	
Accrued Payroll	5,214	
Due To Other Funds	7,471	
Total Current Liabilities	7,471	
Non-Current Liabilities	20,655	
Net Pension Liability	28,126	
Total Liabilities	26,120	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	71 247	
Pension Related	71,267	
NET POSITION	1 424 452	
Net Investment In Capital Assets	1,426,652 447,743	
Unrestricted	447,743	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,874,395	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities	
		r and Sewer	
	-	System	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services		372,647	
Total Operating Revenues		372,647	
OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION			
Water and Sewer Operations			
Salaries and Benefits		194,880	
Contractual Services		121,575	
Material and Supplies		31,617	
Miscellaneous	-	4,337	
Total Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation	<u> </u>	352,409	
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE DEPRECIATION		20,238	
DEPRECIATION		85,766	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(65,528)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
Investment Income		193	
Total Non-Operating Revenue		193	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(65,335)	
NET POSITION, MAY 1		1,937,712	
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$	1,872,377	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities	
	Wate	er and Sewer System	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts From Customers	\$	363,807	
Payments To Suppliers		(166,482)	
Payments To Employees		(197,103)	
Net Cash From Operating Activities		222	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(55 - 50)	
Purchase of Capital Assets		(65,780)	
Transfer From Tax Incremental Financing Fund		6,917	
General Fund Due To/From	¥	0,917	
Net Cash From Capital and Related Financing Activities	ж.	(58,863)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest Received	***	193	
Net Cash From Investing Activities	-	193	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(58,448)	
CASH, MAY 1		475,754	
CASH, APRIL 30	\$	417,306	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(65,528)	
Depreciation		85,766	
Adjustments To Reconcile Operating Income			
(Loss) To Net Cash From Operating Activities		(0.040)	
Accounts Receivable		(8,840)	
Accounts Payable		(8,953) 607	
Accrued Payroll		(2,830)	
Pension related amounts	44	(4,630)	
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	· ·	222	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Kirkland, Illinois (the Village), established in 1882, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected President and six-member Board of Trustees. The Village's major operations include public safety, street and sidewalk maintenance, public improvements, planning and zoning, water and sewer services and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statements and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statements, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's public safety, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Government-Wide Statements - Continued

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions (general government, public safety, streets and sidewalks, etc.) and business-type activities. The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government, public safety, streets and sidewalks, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. In addition to funds that meet the minimum criteria as a major fund, the Village may designate other funds as a major fund. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The Village has chosen to include the Motor Fuel Tax Fund and the Revolving Loan Fund as major funds even though the fund calculations do not classify them as major funds. The Village views these funds particularly important to financial report users.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Following is a description of the fund types of the Village:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains two major special revenue funds, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund and the Tax Incremental Financing District Fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds of capital-specific grants and expenditures from these resources. The Village has elected to report this fund as a major governmental fund.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Village:

Enterprise Funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Village maintains one major enterprise fund, the Water and Sewer Fund, which is used to account for the provision of potable water and wastewater treatment services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, improvements and extensions, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The Village does not maintain any fiduciary funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Fiduciary funds held in agency capacity for others are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end.

The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Basis of Accounting - Continued

Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, if any, which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise fund, are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap-on fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses, excluding depreciation, include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. Depreciation on capital assets is reported as a separate amount in the determination of operating income. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows", cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, utility taxes, and charges for refuse disposal. Business-type activities report utility charges as their major receivables.

Internal Receivables, Payables and Activity

Internal activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as internal receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other internal transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaids.

Inventories

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Equipment and vehicles purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$500 or more and infrastructure improvements of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at their acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs. Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at their acquisition value on the date donated. Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 Years
Water and Sewer Distribution System	20 - 50 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 - 30 Years

Unearned / Unavailable Revenues

Governmental funds report unearned revenue and unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received before the Village has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services. Unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measureable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability and deferred inflows of resources for unearned and unavailable revenue are removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted net position - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report equity as fund balances and displayed in three components:

Restricted – Consists of amounts that are constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities.

Assigned – Consists of amounts constrained by the Village's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance is vested with the Board of Trustees.

Unassigned – Any residual positive fund balance is reported as unassigned in the General Fund. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is also reported as unassigned.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and additions to/deductions from IMRF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

All departments of the Village submit requests for budgets so that an appropriation ordinance may be prepared. The appropriation ordinance is prepared by fund and function, and includes approved appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed appropriation ordinance is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. All appropriations are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The appropriation ordinance may be amended by the governing body. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation allocations at the fund level. The appropriation lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2017 Tax Levy Ordinance, adopted in December 2017, and collected in 2018, was used to finance the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. The 2018 Tax Levy Ordinance, adopted in December 2018, is recorded as a receivable and unavailable revenue in the financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2019.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the Motor Fuel Tax Fund. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents". In addition, investments may be held separately by each of the Village's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and Illinois Funds.

The Village is a participant in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) which is authorized in Illinois Compiled Statutes 30 ILCS 235 under the Public Funds Investment Act. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company. The LGIP operates and reports to participants on the amortized cost basis. LGIP pool shares are bought and redeemed at \$1 based on the amortized cost of the investments in LGIP. The investment is not subject to the fair value hierarchy disclosures.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$411,707 and the bank balances totaled \$467,715. Additionally, the Village had \$845,387 deposited in the Illinois Funds which is stated at cost which approximates market.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Village officials recognize that safety of principle is the foremost objective of the Village's investment program. Officials additionally follow the principle that the investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Village to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated. Finally, the investment program has been designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. All Village investment transactions must be specifically approved by the Finance Committee of the Village Board of Trustees. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds has an average maturity of less than one year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Accordingly, the Village's investment portfolio only includes securities authorized under State Statute. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. All funds on deposit in banks in excess of FDIC limits should be secured by some form of collateral. Furthermore, pledged collateral should be held by the Village or in safekeeping evidenced by a safekeeping agreement. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Village's investment policy requires collateral on all funds on deposit in banks in excess of the FDIC insurance. At year-end all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or collateral held by the Village or in safekeeping in the Village's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy recommends diversification to minimize this risk. However, the Village does not require diversification for funds on deposit with a financial institution that are covered by FDIC insurance or collateral. At year-end, the Village maintained deposit accounts with three banks and the Illinois Funds: 11% of deposits were with Midland States Bank, Kirkland, Illinois, 19% with Heartland Bank, Genoa, Illinois, 3% with Blackhawk Bank, Rockford, Illinois, and 67% with Illinois Funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2019 follows on the next page:

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

	Balances May 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balances April 30, 2019
Capital Assets General Government Building and Improvements Equipment	\$ 739,234 21,628	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 739,234 21,628
Public Safety Equipment and Vehicles	124,907	15,431	-	140,338
Highways and Streeets Equipment and Vehicles Pioneer Park Improvement Infrastructure	224,768 42,853 1,692,071 2,845,461	128,713 - 256,385 400,529	20,000	333,481 42,853 1,948,456 3,225,990
Less Accumulated Depreciation General Government Building and Improvements Equipment	178,278 7,502	13,962 2,223	-	192,240 9,725
Public Safety Equipment and Vehicles	73,065	15,982	-	89,047
Highways and Streets Equipment and Vehicles Pioneer Park Improvement Infrastructure	156,373 41,333 454,931 911,482	22,597 1,449 57,583 113,796	20,000	158,970 42,782 512,514 1,005,278
Total Capital Assets	\$1,933,979	\$ 286,733	<u>\$</u>	\$2,220,712
Depreciation expense was charged	d to governmental	l activities as foll	ows:	
General Government Public Safety Highways and Streeets				\$ 16,185 15,982 81,629
				<u>\$ 113,796</u>

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balances May 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balances April 30, 2019
Capital Assets	e 274.461	¢ 65.790	\$ -	\$ 440,241
Equipment	\$ 374,461	\$ 65,780	5 -	
Vehicles	131,180	-	-	131,180
Water System	915,048	-	-	915,048
Sewer System	787,880	-	-	787,880
Sewer Treatment Plant	1,038,181			1,038,181
	3,246,750	65,780		3,312,530
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Equipment	169,606	16,353	-	185,959
Vehicles	49,918	4,925	-	54,843
Water System	380,956	26,082	-	407,038
Sewer System	330,460	16,160	-	346,620
Sewer Treatment Plant	869,172	22,246		891,418
	1,800,112	85,766		1,885,878
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$1,446,638</u>	<u>\$ (19,986)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$1,426,652

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

Installment Loans:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired By	_	Balances May 1, 2018	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30, 2019
Installment note to purchase Bull Run Creek Property, due in 60 monthly installments with interest at 2.91%, maturing January 22, 2021.	General Fund	\$	93,733	\$ - \$	33,215	\$ 60,518
Installment note to purchase two Public Works trucks, due in 5 annual installments with interest at 3.67%, maturing November 15, 2023.	General Fund	\$	-	\$ 78,468	S -	\$ 78,468
Installment note to DeKalb County Sheriff for ditigal communication system, due in 4 annual installments with interest at 3%, maturing December 31, 2022	General Fund		15,431	:	3,858	11,573
		\$	109,164	\$ 78,468 \$	37,073	\$ 150,559

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Debt Repayment Schedules:

Dest Repayment Selections	Fiscal Year						Total
	April 30	F	Principal	Interest		Pa	ayments
Installment Loan	2020	\$	34,209	\$	1,327	\$	35,536
Bull Run Creek Property	2021		26,309		325		26,634
Total		\$	60,518	\$	1,652	\$	62,170
Installment Loan	2020	\$	3,858	\$	347	\$	4,205
DeKalb County Sheriff	2021		3,858		231		4,089
•	2022		3,857		116		3,973
Total		\$	11,573	\$	694	\$	12,267
Installment Loan	2020	\$	14,570	\$	2,920	\$	17,490
Public Works Trucks	2021		15,112		2,378		17,490
	2022		15,674		1,815		17,489
	2023		16,257		1,232		17,489
	2024		16,855		634		17,489
Total		\$	78,468	\$	8,979	\$	87,447

Debt Limitation

The Village is subject to a debt limitation of 8.625% of its assessed valuation of \$22,823,862. As of April 30, 2019, the Village had a debt limit of \$1,968,558, but no general obligation outstanding debt.

Authorized Debt Not Yet Issued

On December 26, 2018 the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) authorized a loan in the amount of \$934,698 to be used for engineering and construction costs related the Bull Run Creek Project. This loan was not drawn as of April 30, 2019, however as of the date of this report \$365,450 had been drawn on the loan. The project is expected to be completed by April 30, 2020.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

INTERNAL ACCOUNTS

Internal Transfers

Transfers between funds for the year ending April 30, 2019 consist of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Trar	Transfer From		ansfer To_	
General Fund MFT Fund	\$	=	\$	17,045	
MFT Fund General Fund	<u></u>	17,045			
Totals	\$	17,045	\$	17,045	

The interfund transfer from the General Fund to the MFT Fund was for reimbursement of expenditures in a prior year.

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The employer's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multiple-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download on-line at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided – IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriff's, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued

All three IMRF plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

3% of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount

Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms – At the December 31, 2018 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inacive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active employees	6
Total	18

Contributions – As set by statute, the employer's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 9.06%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, the Village contributed \$22,062 to the plan. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Net Pension Liability – The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2018:

The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.

The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.

The Inflation rate used was 2.50%.

Salary Increases were expected to be 3.39% to 14.25%, including inflation.

The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.

Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.

The IMRF-specific rates for **Mortality** (for non-disabled retirees) were based on an IMRF specific mortality table used with the fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). For **Disabled Retirees**, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2017 Employee Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.

For **Active Members**, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Single Discount Rate – A single discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index on 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.71%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total	Plan	Net				
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability				
Balance January 1, 2018	\$1,185,064	\$1,301,876	\$ (116,812)				
Service Costs	27,710	•	27,710				
Interest On Total Pension Liability	87,755	-	87,755				
Difference Between Expected and			-				
Actual Experience	10,476	-	10,476				
Changes In Assumptions	32,737	-	32,737				
Employer Contributions	-	23,548	(23,548)				
Employee Contributions	-	11,696	(11,696)				
Net Investment Income	_	(64,424)	64,424				
Benefit Payments, Net of Refunds	(57,704)	(57,704)	-				
Other Changes		18,147	(18,147)				
Net Changes	100,974	(68,737)	169,711				
Balances As Of December 31, 2019	\$1,286,038	\$1,233,139	\$ 52,899				

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25 Percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current year:

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current Rate	Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 201,124	\$ 52,899	\$ (69,562)

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the issued IMRF annual financial report which is publicly available at www.imrf.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$22,415. At April 30, 2019, the Village had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources to be recognized in future pension expenses:

	Deferred		Deferred		Ne	t Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows of		nflows of
	of Resources		Resources		R	esources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	6,315	\$	96,377	\$	(90,062)
Changes In Assumptions		19,846		20,767		(921)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		147,005		65,373		81,632
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date		5,897		-		5,897
Total	\$	179,063	\$	182,517	\$	(3,454)

The Village reported \$5,897 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$ (15,124)
2021	(15,526)
2022	(11,080)
2023	32,379
2024	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (9,351)

NOTE 5 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. These risks are provided for through a limited self-insurance program. The Village currently reports its risk management activities in the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund.

The Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA). IMLRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation Statute to pool its risk management needs. The association administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverage; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration and litigation management service; risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

IMLRMA is governed by a board of directors made up of Illinois mayors and village presidents of municipalities who participate in the program. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of IMLRMA beyond its representation on the board of directors. Annual contributions are determined each year by underwriters based on the individual member's exposure to loss and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the last three fiscal years.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Village has evaluated its potential other postemployment benefits liability. The Village provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois statutes, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Village are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, no former employees have chosen to stay in the Village's health insurance plan. Therefore, there has been 0% utilization and, therefore, no implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Additionally, the Village has no former employees for which the Village was providing an explicit subsidy and no employees with agreements for future explicit subsidies upon retirement. Therefore, the Village has not recorded any postemployment benefit liability as of April 30, 2019.

NOTE 5 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

TORT INSURANCE EXPENDITURES

The Village allocated the total amount of the tort insurance levy of \$19,844 received in the year ended April 30, 2019 towards tort insurance expenditures for the year, resulting in no restricted balances for tort as of April 30, 2019.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the Village's management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

				2019				
		Original		Final				2018
	<u>;</u>	Budget		Budget	_	Actual	_	Actual
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	455,915	\$	455,915	\$	504,103	\$	463,669
Licenses and Permits		14,050		14,050		18,687		10,141
Intergovernmental Revenue		198,750		198,750		237,421		215,293
Service Charges		159,300		159,300		164,487		153,501
Fines and Forfeits		35,000		35,000		21,758		25,051
Investment Income		5,000		5,000		12,531		4,829
Miscellaneous	50	19,850	_	19,850		21,228		11,783
Total Revenues	_	887,865		887,865		980,215		884,267
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		168,680		168,680		159,741		172,006
Public Safety		282,310		282,310		271,541		319,727
Highways and Streets		340,970		340,970		371,651		197,024
Sanitation		159,270		159,270		180,929		155,735
Capital Outlay		-		-		151,176		_
Debt Service	-	4,000		4,000	_	39,393		35,535
Total Expenditures	7.	955,230		955,230		1,174,431		880,027
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	8====	(67,365)		(67,365)		(194,216)		4,240
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Interfund Transfers In (Out)		-		_		(17,045)		-
Sale of capital assets		(13,500)		(13,500)		5,073		-
Loan Proceeds	10	(15,000)		(15,000)		78,468		15,431
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	×	(28,500)		(28,500)		66,496		15,431
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(95,865)	\$	(95,865)		(127,720)		19,671
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						541,875		522,204
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	414,155	\$	541,875

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

			2019			
	-	Original	Final			2018
	,	Budget	Budget		Actual	Actual
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenues						
MFT Allocation	\$	44,900	\$ 44,900	\$	44,271	\$ 44,530
Investment Income		625	625		3,951	 1,622
Total Revenues		45,525	45,525		48,222	46,152
EXPENDITURES						
Highways and Streets						
Street Salt		-	-		14,466	8,787
Street Repairs & Improvements		40,000	40,000		13,683	33,706
Engineering	_	5,000	5,000		2,809	-
Total Expenditures		45,000	45,000		30,958	42,493
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		525	 525		17,264	3,659
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Interfund Transfers In (Out)		-	K -		17,045	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-			17,045	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	525	\$ 525	•	34,309	3,659
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					204,593	200,934
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	238,902	\$ 204,593

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING FUND

		Original Budget		2019 Final Budget	 Actual	•	2018 Actual
REVENUES Taxes							
TIF Property Taxes	\$	290,000	\$	290,000	\$ 289,384	\$	285,459
Miscellaneous Investment Income Other Income		400		400	168		414
Total Revenues	_	290,400		290,400	289,552		285,873
EXPENDITURES Current							
General Government Public Safety		448,700		448,700	213,394		43,591 -
Highways and Streets		1,200 50,000		1,200 50,000	1,053 75,000		355,958 36,856
Capital Outlay	0.	•					
Total Expenditures		499,900	_	499,900	289,447	_	436,405
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	p	(209,500)		(209,500)	105		(150,532)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out) Transfer To Water & Sewer Fund	(i 						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(209,500)	\$	(209,500)	105		(150,532)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				Ç.	224,461		374,993
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				8	\$ 224,566	\$	224,461

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST 10 CALENDAR YEARS (To Be Built Prospectivily From 2016)

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	De	etuarially termined ntribution	C	Actual ontribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution As A % Of Covered Valuation Payroll	
2019	\$	22,062	\$	22,062	\$ -	\$ 288,435	7.65%	
2018		26,124		26,124	-	256,621	10.18%	
2017		35,766		35,766	-	337,430	10.60%	
2016		46,630		46,630	-	389,019	11.99%	
2015		-		-	-	-		-
2014		-		-	-	-		-
2013		_		-	-	-		-
2012		-		-	-	-		-
2011		-		-	-	-		-
2010		-		-	-	-		-

NOTES TO MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2018 CONTRIBUTION RATE (1)

April 30, 2019

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each

year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2018 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal.

Amortiziation Period Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed.

Remaining Amortization Period Non-Taxing Bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 25-year closed period until

remaining period reaches 15 years (then 15-year rolling period).

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by

the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 20 years for most employers (three employers were financed over 29 years).

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor.

Wage Growth 3.5%.
Price Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases 3.75 to 14.50% including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%.

Retirement Age Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2011 - 2013.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scal MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjusts to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were appied for non-disabled lives. Fore active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generaltional projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Morality Table with adjustment to match current IMRF

experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

(1) Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation.

MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY and RELATED RATIOS - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (IMRF) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAST 10 CALENDAR YEARS (To Be Built Prospectively From 2014)

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest On The Total Pension Liability Benefit Changes	\$ 27,710 87,755	\$ 42,317 92,035	\$ 46,558 93,590	\$ 46,695 \$ 93,859	\$ 42,777 83,386					
Difference Between Expexted and Actual Experience Assumption Changes Benefit Payments and Refunds	10,476 32,737 (57,704)	(100,703) (32,147) (44,822)	(105,993) (6,749) (60,613)	(81,618) 1,729 (64,422)	22,254 42,747 (38,430)					
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	100,974	(43,320)	(33,207)	(3,757)	152,734					
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,185,064	1,228,384	1,261,591	1,265,348	1,112,614					
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 1,286,038	\$ 1,185,064	\$ 1,228,384	\$ 1,261,591	\$ 1,265,348					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Employer Contributions Employee Contributions Pension Plan Net Investment Income Benefit Payments and Refunds Other	\$ 23,548 11,696 (64,424) (57,704) 18,147	\$ 31,178 13,064 192,534 (44,822) (9,498)	\$ 43,223 16,074 71,743 (60,613) (327)	\$ 47,301 (17,348 5,305 (64,422) (17,117)	\$ 45,480 17,271 60,109 (38,430) 3,247					
Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(68,737)	182,456	70,100	(11,585)	87,677					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,301,876	1,119,420	1,049,320	1,060,905	973,228					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 1,233,139	\$ 1,301,876	\$ 1,119,420	\$ 1,049,320	\$ 1,060,905					
Net Pension Liability(Asset) - Ending (a)-(b)	52,899	(116,812)	108,964	212,271	204,443					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage Of Total Pension Liability Covered Valuation Payroll	95.89%	109.86% \$ 290,304	91.13%	83.17%	83.84%					
Net Pension Liability As A Percentage Of Covered Valuation Payroll	20.35%	-40.24%	30.50%	55.06%	53.27%					
The Village Of Kirkland Implemented GASB Statement No. 68 April 30820 Notes To Required Supplemntary Information)	Statement No. 6	8 Anril 30896	Motes To Requ	ired Supplemnt	arv Information	-				

The Village Of Kirkland Implemented GASB Statement No. 68 April 30S26 Notes To Required Supplemntary Information)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2019

a. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except the proprietary funds which adopt a current financial resources measurement focus budget in that depreciation is not budgeted and capital outlay is budgeted. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The treasurer is authorized to transfer amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing body. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The final budget figures included in this report do not include any amendments increasing the original budget amount.

b. Excess of Actual Expenditures/Expenses Over Budget in Individual Funds

Expenditures in the General Fund exceeded the budget by \$219,201.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

			2019			
	-	Original	Final		•	2018
	_	Budget	Budget	Actual	_	Actual
REVENUES						
Taxes						
Property	\$	199,132	\$ 199,132	\$ 203,569	\$	198,996
Road and Bridge		6,283	6,283	7,392		6,264
Utility		100,500	100,500	100,242		104,924
Sales	-	150,000	 150,000	 192,900	-	153,485
Total Taxes		455,915	455,915	504,103		463,669
Licenses and Permits						
Liquor Licenses		5,000	5,000	5,183		4,525
Other Licenses		250	250	675		50
Building Permits		6,000	6,000	9,829		5,016
Golf Cart Permits		600	600	600		550
Cable TV Franchise		2,200	2,200	2,400		_
Total Licenses and Permits		14,050	14,050	18,687		10,141
Intergovernmental Revenue						
State Shared Taxes						
State Income Tax		145,000	145,000	169,323		158,149
State Use Tax		42,500	42,500	53,023		45,873
Personal Property Replacement Tax		2,250	2,250	2,993		2,767
Video Gaming Tax		9,000	9,000	12,082		8,504
Police Grants		-	-	-		-
Police DEA Project Distributions			-			-
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		198,750	198,750	237,421		215,293
Service Charges						
Garbage Fees	\$	159,300	\$ 159,300	\$ 164,487	\$	153,501
Police Reimbursements		-	_	-		-
TIF District Police Services		-	-	-		-
ReclassifyTIF District Police Services	-			•		-
Total Service Charges	_	159,300	159,300	164,487		153,501
Fines and Forfeits				01.750		05.051
Ordinance Fines	_	35,000	35,000	 21,758		25,051
Total Fines and Forfeits		35,000	35,000	21,758		25,051

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)

GENERAL FUND

			2019			
	-	Original	Final		•	2018
		Budget	Budget	Actual		Actual
REVENUES (Continued)						
Investment Income		5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 12,531	\$	4,829
Miscellaneous						
Miscellaneous Income		2,500	2,500	7,328		3,600
Tower Rental		4,800	4,800	2,400		2,400
Insurance Reports		50	50	_		30
Copies/Fax Charges		500	500	-		1,886
Reimbursements		_	_	-		
Police Vehicle Provision		_	_	_		_
Truck Purchase Provision		_	-	_		_
Donation Income		12,000	12,000	11,500		3,798
Insurance Reimbursement			_	_		_
Impact Fee Account Interest						69
Total Miscellaneous		19,850	19,850	21,228		11,783
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUES	\$	887,865	\$ 887,865	\$ 980,215	\$	884,267

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

				2019		
	Orig	nal	I	Final		2018
	Bud	get	В	udget	Actual	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Administration and Finance						
Salaries & Benefits						
Salaries - Board Members	\$ 1	3,760	\$	13,760	\$ 13,520	\$ 11,640
Liquor Commissioner Salary		500		500	500	500
Salaries - Village Finance	2	4,200		24,200	20,013	24,663
Payroll Taxes		2,500		2,500	2,048	2,193
IMRF Pension		1,450		1,450	3,766	3,840
Life Insurance		150		150	89	111
Health Insurance		6,000		6,000	4,398	4,017
Employee Appreciation	5- <u></u>	50		50	50	250
Total Salaries and Benefits	4	8,610		48,610	44,384	47,214
Contractual Services						
Repairs & Maint - Equipment		1,000		1,000	1,198	447
Maintenance/Cleaning		500		500	837	383
Legal Expense	2	4,000		24,000	28,233	33,931
Adjudication Expense		-		-	-	5,368
Treasurer/Accounting Expense		9,000		9,000	8,533	9,605
Audit Expense		9,200		9,200	9,300	9,100
Permit Inspections - ICCI		8,500		8,500	6,046	3,790
Permit Inspections - Village		-		-	-	-
Engineering Expense		1,000		1,000	448	-
Codification		2,500		2,500	174	2,342
IML/Training		4,000		4,000	602	3,853
Telephone		2,500		2,500	1,909	2,551
Telephone Notification System		1,000		1,000	995	1,145
Internet Service		250		250	466	1,188
E Worldlinx Web		1,200		1,200	1,280	1,479
Insurance & Bonds	3	2,500		32,500	34,384	32,025
Postage		250		250	458	107
Printing & Publishing		500		500	559	701
Billing software		1,670		1,670	1,723	-
Dues & Subscriptions		3,000		3,000	2,737	 2,670
Total Contractual Services	10	2,570		102,570	99,882	110,685
Materials & Supplies						
Tools/Equipment		1,500		1,500	913	-
Office Supplies		1,500		1,500	1,139	2,166
New Equipment		-				
Total Materials and Supplies		3,000		3,000	2,052	2,166
		_				

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

	100			2019			
		riginal	I	inal			2018
	,	Budget	В	udget	 Actual		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)							
Administration and Finance (Continued)							
Miscellaneous							
Sales Tax Reimbursement	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$ -	\$	8,166
Ecomonic Development		1,500		1,500	5,000		-
Revenue Audit Reimbursement		500		500	152		471
Donations/Grant Expense		3,500		3,500	6,911		2,500
Contingency		1,000		1,000	 1,360		804
Total Miscellaneous		14,500		14,500	13,423		11,941
Total Administration and Finance	10	168,680		168,680	159,741		172,006
Impact Fee Account							
Miscellaneous							
Street Improvements	2				 		
Total Impact Fee Account							
Total General Government		168,680		168,680	159,741		172,006
PUBLIC SAFETY							
Police Department							
Salaries & Benefits							
Police F/T Salaries		95,000		95,000	97,274		101,936
Police P/T Salaries		70,000		70,000	69,516		71,408
Police Special Activity Pay		-		-	-		-
Police Salaries - Back Pay		-		-	851		2 102
Police Overtime		2,000		2,000	2,415		2,182
Police Holiday Pay		5,600		5,600	4,844		5,823
Employee Appreciation		100		100	100 10,713		11,013
Payroll Taxes		11,100		11,100	7,949		10,966
IMRF Pension		8,600		8,600 540	512		460
Life Insurance		540 12,000		12,000	11,341		9,214
Health Insurance	S 				205,515		213,002
Total Salaries and Benefits	/	204,940		204,940	 203,313	_	213,002
Contractual Services		5,500		5,500	5,434		4,596
Repairs & Maint - Equipment		250		250	J, 4 J4		-1,570
Building Maintenance Legal Expense		4,000		4,000	_		_
Adjudication		6,000		6,000	5,961		_
		6,500		6,500	6,327		3,933
Dues & Training Telephone		3,600		3,600	4,040		3,832
Internet Service		250		250	367		5,552

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

			2019			- 1	
		Original	Final				2018
		Budget	Budget		Actual		Actual
Postage		250	25	0	247		_
Printing & Publishing		250	25	0	514		-
Donations/Grant Expense		500	50	0	1,500		-
Alerts/PSAN/IPIPS		5,650	5,65	0	6,288		5,034
911 Dispatch Fee		15,700	15,70	00	15,700		30,681
Total Contractual Services	·	48,450	48,45	0	46,378		48,076
PUBLIC SAFETY (Continued) Police Department (Continued)							
Materials and Supplies	Φ.		Φ	ø		ø	2 504
Police Supplies	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	2,584 2,419
Police Materials		1.050	1.04	-	1 226		882
DARE Supplies		1,250	1,25		1,336		002
Billing Software		1,670	1,67		1,617		-
Office Supplies		4,000	4,00		3,714 3,334		-
Police Tools and Equipment		4,000	4,00 8,00		7,859		8,305
Automotive Fuel		8,000 8,000	8,00		1,235		1,792
Uniforms	-						
Total Materials and Supplies	-	26,920	26,92	:0	19,095	_	15,982
Miscellaneous							
Other Expenditures		2,000	2,00	0	553		349
Equipment leasing							4,804
Total Miscellaneous		2,000	2,00	0	553		5,153
Capital Outlay							
Vehicles		-		-	-		34,200
Equipment		_					3,314
Total Capital Outlay							37,514
Total Public Safety		282,310	282,31	0	271,541		319,727
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS							
Street Department							
Salaries & Benefits							
Streets F/T Salaries		78,500	78,50	0	58,041		28,140
Streets P/T Salaries		33,800	33,80	0	39,566		26,426
Streets Seasonal		-		-	3,960		-
Streets Overtime		3,000	3,00	0	6,998		2,519
Employee Appreciation		100	10	0	50		-
Payroll Taxes		9,500	9,50	0	6,537		2,955
IMRF Pension		4,700	4,70		1,948		5,682
Life Insurance		400	40	0	222		326

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

	_	0	2019				2019
		Original	Final Dudget		A atual		2018 Actual
	_	Budget	 Budget	_	Actual	_	
Health Insurance		18,000	 18,000	_	3,234	_	1,449
Total Salaries and Benefits		148,000	148,000		120,556		67,49
Contractual Services							
Repairs & Maint - Equipment	\$	15,500	\$ 15,500	\$	15,457	\$	18,10
Repairs & Maint - Weather Siren		1,200	1,200		1,170		
Repairs & Maint - Streets		127,000	127,000		179,902		6,63
Repairs - Street Lights		1,000	1,000		-		70:
Forestry Maintenance		12,500	12,500		11,163		11,76
Building Maintenance		250	250		187		
Dues & Training		1,000	1,000		395		50
Telephone		1,000	1,000		351		
Internet Service		250	250		189		
Postage		250	250		84		
Printing & Publishing		250	250		476		
Sidewalk Construction		10,000	10,000		10,624		8,56
Donation/Grant Expense		500	500		-		
Electric - Street Lights		8,000	8,000		11,047		16,41
Total Contractual Services		178,700	178,700		231,045		62,68
Materials and Supplies							
Tools/Equipment		2,000	2,000		1,475		1,62
Software		1,670	1,670		1,659		
Street Decorations		500	500		385		10
Office Supplies		250	250		181		
Automotive Fuel		4,500	4,500		7,949		4,41
Uniforms		500	500		308		
Mosquito Abatement		2,600	2,600		4,390		2,27
Total Materials and Supplies		12,020	12,020		16,347		8,42
Miscellaneous							
Pioneer Park Improvements		1,000	1,000		_		25
Bull Run Creek IDNR Improvements		-	-		_		39,23
Equipment Rental		1,000	1,000		3,381		17
Contingency		250	250		322		
Total Miscellaneous		2,250	2,250		3,703		39,65
		2,200	_,				
Capital Outlay			_		_		18,75
Equipment	(<u>-</u>					
Total Capital Outlay							18,75

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

			2019		
	0 (Original	Final		 2018
	-	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual
Total Street Department		340,970	340,970	371,651	197,024
Total Highways and Streets		340,970	340,970	371,651	197,024
SANITATION Contractual Services					
Billing Software		1,670	1,670	2,147	-
Garbage Collection	·	157,600	157,600	178,782	155,735
Total Sanitation		159,270	159,270	180,929	155,735
CAPITAL OUTLAY Bull Run Creek Improvements Street Vehicles and Equipment	_	-	-	16,997 134,179	-
Total Capital Outlay		_		151,176	
DEBT SERVICE Bull Run Creek Property Loan Police Equipment Loan		4,000	4,000	35,535 3,858	35,535
Total Debt Service		4,000	4,000	39,393	35,535
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	955,230	\$ 955,230	\$ 1,174,431	\$ 880,027

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING FUND

		Original	2019 Final		2018
		Budget	Budget	 Actual	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
TIF Consultant	\$	500	\$ 500	\$ -	\$
Miscellaneous Expense		6,000	6,000	2,970	8,104
Kirkland Community Center		250,000	250,000	24,300	
School District 426 Safety Projects		100,000	100,000	107,875	11,554
Library Repairs		6,000	6,000	4,000	6,26
Sidewalk and Concrete Work		27,000	27,000	28,601	
Warning Siren Maintenance		-	-	-	1,17
LED Street Lighting		10,000	10,000	8,496	
Village Hall Improvements		10,000	10,000	5,942	8,87
Private Property Improvements		31,000	31,000	31,210	
Property Taxes Reimbursements		8,200	 8,200		7,62
Total General Government	:a <u> </u>	448,700	448,700	213,394	43,591
PUBLIC SAFETY					
TIF District - Police Services	//	-	-		
Total Public Safety		-	-	_	
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS					
Repairs & Maintenance	-	1,200	1,200	1,053	355,95
Total Highway and Streets		1,200	1,200	1,053	 355,95
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
General Capital Assets					
Infrastructure	g=	50,000	50,000	75,000	20,55
Total General Capital Assets	a	50,000	50,000	75,000	20,550
Proprietary Funds Capital Assets					
Treatment Plant Roof		_	_	_	16,300
Proprietary Funds Capital Outlay Reclassified			-		
Total Capital Outlay	-	50,000	50,000	75,000	36,85
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BEFORE					
TRANSFERS	-	499,900	499,900	289,447	 436,40
TRANSFERS					
Transfer To Water & Sewer Fund	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
Total Transfers		_		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS	\$	499,900	\$ 499,900	\$ 289,447	\$ 436,40

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	2019			
	Original	Final		2018
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Federal Grant	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues	·			
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay				
Bull Run Creek Property	85,600	85,600	-	-
Bull Run Creek Property Construction	750,000	750,000		
Total Expenditures	835,600	835,600	-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(835,600)	(835,600)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from the General Fund	35,600	35,600		
Loan Proceeds	800,000	800,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	835,600	835,600	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		,	•	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ -	\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND BY SUBACCOUNT

April 30, 2019

	Water & Sewer Operating Account		Sewer Improvement Account	2019 Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets	A 00.545	ф. 1 <i>77.</i> (Э.1	e 140 120	e 417.206
Cash and Investments	\$ 98,547	\$ 176,621	\$ 142,138	\$ 417,306
Water and Sewer Accounts Receivable	59,912	-	-	59,912
Due From Other Funds	-	-	-	_
Proprietary Fund - Internal Accounts				
Total Current Assets	158,459	176,621	142,138	477,218
Non-Current Assets				
Net Pension Asset	-	-	-	-
Capital Assets				
Net Of Accumulated Depreciation	1,426,652			1,426,652
Total Non-Current Assets	1,426,652			1,426,652
Total Assets	1,585,111	176,621	142,138	1,903,870
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Pension Related	69,918	· -		69,918
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	4,257	-	-	4,257
Accrued Payroll	3,214	-	-	3,214
Due To Other Funds	<u>-</u>			
Total Current Liabilities	7,471			7,471
Non-Current Liabilities				
Net Pension Liability	20,655			20,655
Total Liabilities	28,126	· ·		28,126
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related	71,267			71,267
ET POSITION				
Net Investment In Capital Assets	1,426,652	-	-	1,426,652
Unrestricted	128,984	176,621	142,138	447,743
Total Net Position	\$ 1,555,636	\$ 176,621	\$ 142,138	\$ 1,874,395

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND BY SUBACCOUNT

	(ter & Sewer Operating Account	Imp	Water provement Account	Imp	Sewer provement Account		2019 Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services Water and Sewer Charges Miscellaneous Income	\$	341,647 	\$	15,500	\$	15,500	\$	341,647 31,000
Total Operating Revenues		341,647		15,500		15,500		372,647
OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION Water & Sewer Operations		340,480		6,650		5,279	_	352,409
Total Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation		340,480		6,650	_	5,279		352,409
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) BEFORE DEPRECIATION		1,167		8,850		10,221		20,238
DEPRECIATION		85,766			_			85,766
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(84,599)	_	8,850		10,221		(65,528)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Investment Income	·	193						193
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		193						193
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS		(84,406)		8,850		10,221		(65,335)
TRANSFERS Transfers From (To) Other Funds Or Subaccounts Sewer Improvement Subaccount Water Improvement Subaccount	0	26,946 35,205		(35,205)		(26,946)		-
Total Transfers		62,151		(35,205)	_	(26,946)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(22,255)		(26,355)		(16,725)		(65,335)
NET POSITION, MAY 1,		1,575,873		202,976	_	158,863		1,937,712
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	_\$_	1,553,618	_\$_	176,621	_\$_	142,138	\$ 1	1,872,377

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND BY SUBACCOUNT

	(ter & Sewer Operating Account		Water provement Account	Im	Sewer provement Account		2019 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts From Customers Payments To Suppliers Payments To Employees	\$	332,807 (154,553) (197,103)	\$	15,500 (6,650)	\$	15,500 (5,279)	\$	363,807 (166,482) (197,103)
Net Cash From Operating Activities		(18,849)		8,850	,	10,221	_	222
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets Transfer From Tax Incremental Financing Fund Other Funds Due To/From		(65,780) - 6,917		- - -		- - -		(65,780) - 6,917
Proprietary Fund Interaccount Due To/Due From Proprietary Fund Interaccount Transfers		62,151		(35,205)		(26,946)		
Net Cash From Capital and Related Financing Activities		3,288		(35,205)		(26,946)		(58,863)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received		193	_					193
Net Cash From Investing Activities		193		_			_	193
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(15,368)		(26,355)		(16,725)		(58,448)
CASH, MAY 1		113,915	_	202,976		158,863	_	475,754
CASH, APRIL 30		98,547	\$	176,621	\$	142,138		417,306
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Depreciation Adjustments To Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash From Operating Activities Accounts Receivable Accounts Payable	\$	(84,599) 85,766 (8,840) (8,953)	\$	8,850 - -	\$	10,221	\$	(65,528) 85,766 (8,840) (8,953)
Accrued Payroll		607 (2,830)		-		-		607 (2,830)
Pension Expense	\$	(18,849)	\$	8,850	<u> </u>	10,221	 \$	222
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ	(10,049)	Ф	0,000	Ψ	10,221	Ψ	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER FUND - WATER AND SEWER OPERATING SUBACCOUNT

			2019			
		Original	Final			2018
	_	Budget	Budget	Actual		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES Charges For Services Water and Sewer Charges	\$	351,800	\$ 351,800	\$ 340,908	\$	326,259
Miscellaneous Reimbursements	_	2,000	2,000	739		_
Total Operating Revenues		353,800	353,800	341,647		326,259
OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION		220.200	220 200	340,480		263,315
Water & Sewer Operating Expenses	_	329,290	329,290	 340,460	_	203,313
Total Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation		329,290	329,290	340,480		263,315
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES) EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION		24,510	24,510	1,167		62,944
DEPRECIATION			_	85,766		83,828
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_	24,510	24,510	(84,599)		(20,884)
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE) Investment Income Transfers From (To) Other Funds Or Subaccounts		-	-	193		-
From Tax Incremental Financing Fund From Water Improvement Subaccount		-	-	35,205		- -
From Sewer Improvement Subaccount		-	-	26,946		-
To Water Improvement Subaccount	-	<u>-</u>	_			
Total Transfers	_		 _	62,344		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		24,510	\$ 24,510	(22,255)		(20,884)
NET POSITION, MAY 1,				 1,575,873		1,596,757
NET POSITION, APRIL 30				\$ 1,553,618	\$	1,575,873

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER FUND - WATER AND SEWER OPERATING SUBACCOUNT

		2019		2018
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries & Benefits				
Water & Sewer F/T Salaries	\$ 91,200	\$ 91,200	\$ 104,972	\$ 87,994
Water & Sewer P/T Maintenance	44,800	44,800	37,291	45,122
Water & Sewer P/T Billing	-	_	-	-
Water & Sewer Overtime	3,000	3,000	1,372	2,716
Payroll Taxes	8,600	8,600	8,662	7,886
Employee Appreciation	150	150	100	-
IMRF Pension	5,600	5,600	8,752	5,635
Pension Expense		···	(2,830)	(34,091)
Life Insurance	800	800	624	349
Health Insurance	24,000	24,000	35,937	31,413
Total Salaries & Benefits	178,150	178,150	194,880	147,024
Contractual Services				
Repairs & Maint - Water	4,000	4,000	6,186	5,931
Maint - Truck & Tractor	-	-	_	3,423
Repairs & Maint - Sewer	11,000	11,000	6,340	5,778
Meter Repair	16,200	16,200	15,668	206
Repairs & Maint - Treatment	7,800	7,800	1,997	2,401
Building Maintenance & Cleaning	500	500	480	-
Dues & Training	1,750	1,750	1,265	1,222
Electric - Water	38,000	38,000	43,255	41,995
Heat - Sewer Plant	1,800	1,800	3,620	2,002
Telephone	4,000	4,000	2,636	2,438
Internet Expense	500	500	2,620	704
	18,000	18,000	15,853	17,787
Property/Liability Insurance	1,000	1,000	1,692	2,848
Postage	1,000	1,000	1,073	664
Printing & Publishing	6,400	6,400	6,445	3,545
Testing - Water	0,400	0,400	0,445	2,175
Testing - Treatment	1,000	1,000	8	2,175
Equipment Rental			0	_
Donations/Grant Expense JULIE	1,000 800	1,000 800	508	784
Total Contractual Services	114,750	114,750	109,646	93,903
	\ <u></u>			
Materials and Supplies	10.000	10 000	12,407	2,458
Materials & Supplies - Water	10,000	10,000	12,407	765
Materials & Supplies - Sewer	1.000	1 000	1 565	2,823
Materials & Supplies - Treatment	1,000	1,000	1,565	
Lab Supplies	2,200	2,200	1,040	2,229
Water Billing Software	3,340	3,340	4,534	2,711
Office Supplies	500	500	516	-

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER FUND - WATER AND SEWER OPERATING SUBACCOUNT (Continued)

	·	2019		- 2010
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	2018 Actual
Tools/Equip - Water	5,000	5,000	1,818	880
Tools/Equip - Sewer	2.004		1.056	95
Tools/Equip - Treatment	2,000	•	1,956 6,132	215 3,940
Automotive Fuel	5,000 3,000		1,649	1,351
Uniforms	3,000	3,000	1,049	1,551
Total Materials and Supplies	32,040	32,040	31,617	19,485
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)				
Capital Outlay				
Equipment	•	-	-	-
Sewer - Lift Station Pump		-	-	_
Treatment - Equipment	•	-		_
Capital Outlay Capitalized				
Total Capital Outlay		-	-	
Miscellaneous Expense				
NPDES Permit	2,500		2,500	2,500
Lease - Property	300		175	403
Other Expense	1,550	1,550	1,662	
Total Miscellaneous Expense	4,350	4,350	4,337	2,903
Total Water and Sewer Expenses				
Before Depreciation	329,290	329,290	340,480	263,315
Depreciation Expense		<u>-</u>	85,766	83,828
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	329,290	329,290	426,246	347,143
TRANSFERS	-			
Transfer To Water Improvement Subaccount	·	-	_	-
Total Transfers		<u> </u>	_	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	\$ 329,290	\$ 329,290	\$ 426,246	\$ 347,143

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER FUND - WATER IMPROVEMENT SUBACCOUNT

			2019		
		riginal	Final		2018
	1	Budget	Budget	Actual	 Actual
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges For Services					
Water and Sewer Charges	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous Income	-	500	 500	15,500	
Total Operating Revenues		500	500	15,500	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water Operations					
Water Tank Engineering		-	-	-	-
Water Main Improvements		24,900	24,900	38,055	-
Engineering		5,000	5,000	6,650	1,499
Water Capital Outlay Capitalized				(38,055)	
Total Operating Expenses	,	29,900	29,900	6,650	1,499
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(29,400)	(29,400)	8,850	(1,499)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment Income	\/ <u></u>	_		 	95
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				_	95
TRANSFERS					
Transfer From Water and Sewer Operating Transfer (To) Water and Sewer Operating				(35,205)	
Total Transfers		_	79	(35,205)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(29,400)	\$ (29,400)	(26,355)	(1,404)
NET POSITION, MAY 1				202,976	204,380
NET POSITION, APRIL 30				\$ 176,621	\$ 202,976

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER FUND - SEWER IMPROVEMENT SUBACCOUNT

			2019		
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	2018 Actual
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services					
Water and Sewer Charges Miscellaneous Income	\$	500	\$ 500	\$ 15,500	\$ -
Total Operating Revenues	-	500	500	15,500	
OPERATING EXPENSES Sewer Operations Sewer Improvements Sewer Improvements Capitalized	2	57,200	57,200	33,004 (27,725)	32,982 (27,190)
Total Sewer Operating Expenses	-	57,200	57,200	5,279	5,792
OPERATING INCOME	<u> </u>	(56,700)	(56,700)	10,221	(5,792)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment Income		-		-	77
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			-		77
TRANSFERS Transfer (To) Water and Sewer Operating	-		_	(26,946)	-
Total Transfers			-	(26,946)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(56,700)	\$ (56,700)	(16,725)	(5,715)
NET POSITION, MAY 1				158,863	164,578
NET POSITION, APRIL 30				\$ 142,138	\$ 158,863

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

		Capita	Capital Assets			Accumulated	Accumulated Depreciation	1	
	Balances			Balances	Balances			Balances	Net Capital
	May 1	Additions	Retirements	April 30	May 1	Provisions	Retirements	April 30	Assets
GENERAL GOVERNMENT Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 739,234 21,628	· · ·	· ·	\$ 739,234 21,628	\$ 178,278 7,502	\$ 13,962 2,223	· ·	\$ 192,240 9,725	\$ 546,994
# Total General Government	760,862		-	760,862	185,780	16,185	1	201,965	558,897
PUBLIC SAFETY Equipment & Vehicles	124,907	15,431	,	140,338	73,065	15,982		89,047	51,291
Total Public Safety	124,907	15,431		140,338	73,065	15,982		89,047	51,291
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS Equipment & Vehicles	224,768	128,713	20,000	333,481	156,373	22,597	20,000	158,970	174,511
Pioneer Park Improvements	42,853		•	42,853	41,333	1,449	•	42,782	71
Infrastructure	1,692,071	256,385		1,948,456	454,931	57,583	r	512,514	1,435,942
Total Highways and Streets	1,959,692	385,098	20,000	2,324,790	652,637	81,629	20,000	714,266	1,610,524
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$2,845,461	\$ 400,529	\$ 20,000	\$ 3,225,990	\$ 911,482	\$ 113,796	\$ 20,000	\$1,005,278	\$2,220,712
CAPITAL ASSETS SUMMARY Buildings and Improvements Equipment	\$ 739,234 21,628	€9	₩	\$ 739,234 21,628	\$ 178,278	\$ 13,962 2,223	· •	\$ 192,240 9,725	\$ 546,994
Equipment & Vehicles Pioneer Park Improvements Infrastructure	349,675 42,853 1,692,071	144,144	20,000	473,819 42,853 1,948,456	229,438 41,333 454,931	38,579 1,449 57,583	20,000	248,017 42,782 512,514	225,802 71 1,435,942
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$2,845,461	\$ 400,529	\$ 20,000	\$3,225,990	\$ 911,482	\$ 113,796	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,	\$ 2,220,712

SCHEDULE OF WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL ASSETS AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

		Cap	Capital Assets	S			Accumulated Depreciation	l Depreciati	lon		
	Balances	▼		3	Balances	Balances				ses	Net Capital
	INIAY I	Additions	- 1	Kenrements	April 30	May 1	Provisions	Provisions Ketirements	its April 30	25	Assets
EQUIPMENT Equipment	\$ 374,461	\$ 65,780	\$ 01	.	\$ 440,241	\$ 169,606	\$ 16,353	· \$	\$ 185	\$ 656581	254,282
Total Equipment	374,461	65,780	0		440,241	169,606	16,353	•	185	185,959	254,282
VEHICLES Vehicles	131,180	1		,	131,180	49,918	4,925	1	54	54,843	76,337
Total Vehicles	131,180	'		-	131,180	49,918	4,925	1	54	54,843	76,337
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM Water System	915,048	,		ı	915,048	380,956	26,082	1	407	407,038	508,010
Sewer System	787,880	1		ı	787,880	330,460	16,160	1	346	346,620	441,260
Sewer Treatment Plant	1,038,181				1,038,181	869,172	22,246		891	891,418	146,763
Total Water & Sewer System	2,741,109	'		-	2,741,109	1,580,588	64,488	1	1,645	1,645,076	1,096,033
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$3,246,750	\$ 65,780	\$ 08		\$3,312,530	\$1,800,112	\$ 85,766	€	\$ 1,885,878	- 1	\$ 1,426,652
CAPITAL ASSETS SUMMARY											
Equipment Vehicles	3 3/4,461 131,180	09,780	ه ک		\$ 440,241 131,180	\$ 169,606 49,918	4.925	· ·	.81 8 54	185,959 3 54 843	5 254,282
Water System	915,048		,	ı	915,048	380,956	(1	•	407	407,038	508,010
Sewer System Sewer Treatment Plant	787,880 1,038,181		1 1		787,880 $1,038,181$	330,460 869,172		1 1	346 891	346,620 891,418	441,260 146,763
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$3,246,750	\$ 65,780	\$ 08		\$3,312,530	\$1,800,112	\$ 85,766	-	\$ 1,885,878	1 11	\$ 1,426,652

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY VILLAGE TAX RATES AND TAX LEVIES

Last Ten Levy Years

Total Village Tax Levy	207,702	203,421	199,132	197,607	195,966	192,912	189,505	184,007	180,390	175,575
Total Village Tax Rate	0.91002 \$	0.91240	0.91982	0.96264	0.94134	0.89840	0.81034	0.68393	0.61761	0.57125
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	68,471,586 \$	66,885,333	64,947,093	61,582,794	62,453,220	64,418,472	70,157,688	80,712,906	87,623,265	92,205,699
Total Taxable Assessed Value	22,823,862 \$	22,295,111	21,649,031	20,527,598	20,817,740	21,472,824	23,385,896	26,904,302	29,207,755	30,735,233
Rural and Railroad Property	171,625 \$	162,899	152,349	137,336	153,325	135,210	135,027	132,353	118,298	87,270
Industrial Property	432,242 \$	422,036	413,142	389,370	362,051	371,826	401,574	419,169	26,437	26,437
Commercial Property	1,844,855 \$	1,830,419	1,808,482	1,819,366	1,752,168	1,836,786	1,944,844	1,996,322	2,086,275	2,155,445
Residential Property	20,375,140 \$	19,879,757	19,275,058	18,181,526	18,550,196	19,129,002	20,904,451	24,356,458	26,976,745	28,466,081
Levy	2018 \$	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009

Note: Property in the Village is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at 33.333% of actual value.

Note: Does not include property valuations in the Kirkland TIF District.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Five Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2014		2015		2016	2017
VILLAGE DIRECT RATES						
General Corporate	\$ 0.36733	\$	0.36098	\$	0.34492	\$ 0.35605
Police Protection	0.45919		0.48132		0.45991	0.44507
Audit	0.02297		0.02407		0.02300	0.02226
Liability Insurance	0.09185	-	0.09627	_	0.09199	0.08902
	\$ 0.94134	\$	0.96264	\$	0.91982	\$ 0.91240
OVERLAPPING RATES						
Kishwaukee Community College No. 523	\$ 0.71234	\$	0.69723	\$	0.66998	\$ 0.66690
County of DeKalb	1.24825		1.23640		1.14289	1.12014
DeKalb County Forest Preserve District	0.08761		0.08530		0.07990	0.07831
Franklin Cemetery	0.07900		0.08019		0.07829	0.07741
Franklin Road and Bridge	0.59025		0.47766		0.45815	0.44360
Franklin Township	0.26335		0.26731		0.26098	0.25804
Franklin Twp Park District	0.09845		0.09993		0.09756	0.09646
Franklin Fire District	0.52569		0.52780		0.51037	0.50508
Kirkland Library	0.23085		0.23607		0.22557	0.22375
Hiawatha School District 426	6.03921		6.34142		6.44019	6.30968
Village of Kirkland	 0.94134		0.96264		0.91982	0.91240
TOTAL PROPERTY TAX RATE	\$ 10.81634	\$	11.01195	\$	10.88370	\$10.69177

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

KIRKLAND TIF DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION, PROPERTY TAX RATES, & TAX LEVIES

Last Five Levy Years

Tax Levy Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
ASSESSED VALUATION Kirkland TIF District	\$1,846,907	\$ 1,960,722	\$ 2,356,014	\$2,367,873	\$ 2,368,398
Klikland III District	ψ1,040,207	Ψ 1,900,722	Ψ 2,330,011		<u> </u>
PROPERTY TAX RATES					
Kishwaukee Community College No. 523	\$ 0.71234	\$ 0.69723	\$ 0.66998	\$ 0.66690	\$ 0.66834
County of DeKalb	1.24825	1.23640	1.14289	1.12014	1.09507
DeKalb County Forest Preserve District	0.08761	0.08530	0.07990	0.07831	0.07656
Franklin Cemetery	0.07900	0.08019	0.07829	0.07741	0.07676
Franklin Road and Bridge	0.59025	0.47766	0.45815	0.44360	0.43304
Franklin Township	0.26335	0.26731	0.26098	0.25804	0.25589
Franklin Twp Park District	0.09845	0.09993	0.09756	0.09646	0.09566
Kirkland Fire District	0.52569	0.52780	0.51037	0.50508	0.49603
Kirkland Library	0.23085	0.23607	0.22557	0.22375	0.22317
Hiawatha School District 426	6.03921	6.34142	6.44019	6.30968	6.35145
Village of Kirkland	0.94134	0.96264	0.91982	0.91240	0.91002
Total Property Tax Rate	<u>\$ 10.81634</u>	<u>\$ 11.01195</u>	<u>\$ 10.88370</u>	<u>\$ 10.69177</u>	<u>\$ 10.68199</u>
TIF DISTRICT TAX LEVIES					
Kishwaukee Community College No. 523	\$ 13,156	\$ 13,671	\$ 15,785	\$ 15,791	\$ 15,829
County of DeKalb	23,054	24,242	26,927	26,523	25,936
DeKalb County Forest Preserve District	1,618	1,672	1,882	1,854	1,813
Franklin Cemetery	1,459	1,572	1,845	1,833	1,818
Franklin Road and Bridge	10,901	9,366	10,794	10,504	10,256
Franklin Township	4,864	5,241	6,149	6,110	6,060
Franklin Twp Park District	1,818	1,959	2,299	2,284	2,266
Franklin Fire District	9,709	10,349	12,024	11,960	11,748
Kirkland Library	4,264	4,629	5,314	5,298	5,286
Hiawatha School District 426	111,539	124,338	151,732	149,405	150,428
Village of Kirkland	17,386	18,875	21,671	21,604	21,553
Total TIF District Tax Levies	<u>\$ 199,768</u>	<u>\$ 215,914</u>	<u>\$ 256,422</u>	\$ 253,166	<u>\$ 252,993</u>

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk



Independent Accountant's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Kirkland, Illinois

We have examined the Village of Kirkland, Illinois' (the "Village") compliance with the provisions of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act (Illinois Public Act 85-1142) during the year ended April 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the Village's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Village of Kirkland, Illinois, complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended April 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Village Board, others within the Village, the Illinois State Comptroller's Office and the joint review boards and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rockford, Illinois November 1, 2019

Wippei LLP